## 城市 建筑

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校园与家园 双重动力机制下的大学空间 从城市设计的角度浅析大学校园规划的几番 基于创新教育理念的大学校园发展趋势 取悦与施法 设计未来的校园

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## 英国耶鲁大学艺术综合中心改扩建

The Restoration and Renovation of Yale Arts Complex, UK

■ 格瓦德梅西格尔建筑师事务所 ■ Gwathmey Siegel & Associates Architects

耶鲁大学鲁道夫 (Rudolph) 楼作为曾经的艺术 与建筑学院教学楼,设计于 1963 年,设计者为现 代主义建筑大师、后任该学院院长的保罗·鲁道夫 (Paul Rudolph) 先生,该建筑被看作是他最重要的 代表作品之一。这座历史建筑的修缮与扩建工程已 于近期完成,完工后的建筑恢复了 1963 年的原始 结构形态与作用,并为艺术史系提供了单独的活动 空间。

这座总面积为 10 591m<sup>2</sup> 的 9 层(包括地下 2 层)野兽派建筑由现浇混凝土建造,平面按功能分

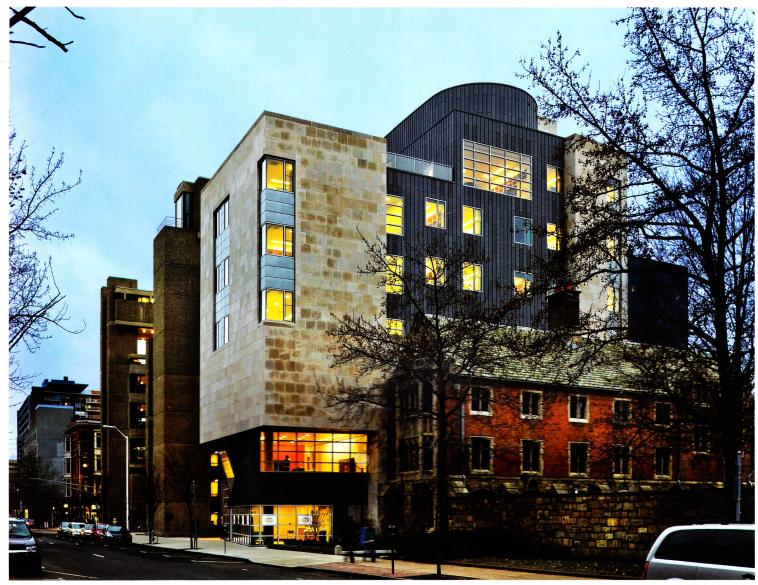
作者单位:格瓦德梅西格尔建筑师事务所 收稿日期:2009-12-17 为 37 个空间,是建造耶鲁大学充满艺术活力校园的 奠基石。基于一项开展于 1996 年的规划研究结果, 校方决定对建筑内外部结构进行修缮翻新,并另外 扩建一座 7 层的艺术史教学楼,包括一间规模被扩 大的艺术与建筑门类图书馆,以及教室、研讨会议 室、报告厅、院系办公室、休息室和咖啡厅。设计 达到了美国绿建筑协会能源与环境设计先锋奖的银 质标准。

修缮项目充分融合了建设纲要以及结构、设备 等多方面需求,主要包括外部墙体的复原和历史窗 体的安装,以及展室、评审室、工作室及学习与行 政、教学办公等各种室内设施的更新升级。同时, 设计还大量引入了新的照明设备与室内装饰,其结 构也严格遵守现行建筑防火规范。

新扩建建筑的面积为 8 082m<sup>2</sup>, 作为艺术史系 Jeffrey H. Loria 中心,其设计意在凸显它在整个建 筑中的标志性地位。建筑主体外墙面以石灰石及锌 板装饰,并与覆以玻璃与铝板的鲁道夫楼相接,强 化两栋建筑间的接合与联系。

这个修缮与扩建项目是现代主义建筑大师查尔 斯·格瓦德梅 (Charles Gwathmey) 与耶鲁大学建 筑学院 45 年友好关系进入高潮时期的标志,意义 非凡。时任学院院长的保罗·鲁道夫先生,也是格 瓦德梅在此求学期间的良师益友。■





2 扩建的艺术史系中心

Yale University's Rudolph Building – formerly known as the Art and Architecture Building – was designed in 1963 by the modern master and then chair of the School of Architecture, Paul Rudolph. It is considered one of his most important works and was recently completely renovated and expanded, restoring the structure to its original 1963 intention and providing space for the History of Art department.

The 114,000 sf Brutalist building, which is constructed of cast-in-place concrete, has a total of 37 different levels on nine floors, two below grade, and is a cornerstone of Yale's vibrant arts campus. As a result of a 1996 planning study, Yale University decided to undertake the exterior and interior renovation of the structure along with the addition of a seven-story History of Art Building that allows for an expanded Art and Architecture Library, classrooms, seminar rooms,

lecture halls, faculty offices, lounge, and public café. The architects designed the project to qualify

for a LEED silver rating.

The design results from the integration of programmatic, structural and mechanical needs. It includes the restoration of exterior walls; the installation of historically correct windows; and upgrades to all building facilities including the exhibition gallery, jury and studio spaces; study areas; and administrative and faculty offices. It also introduces new lighting and furnishings throughout and brings the structure into compliance with current building and fire code regulations.

The new 87,000 sf Jeffrey H. Loria Center for the History of Art, while an addition, is designed to present its own iconic presence in the overall composition. Its main volume is clad in limestone and zinc panels, with the intersections to the Rudolph Building rendered in glass and aluminum panels, thus reinforcing both the integration and articulation of the two structures.

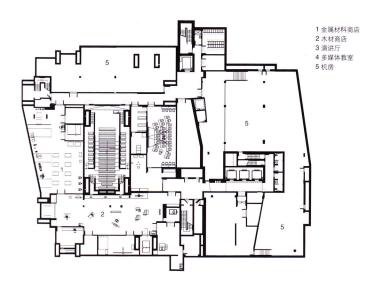
This extraordinary project represents the culmination of Charles Gwathmey's forty-five

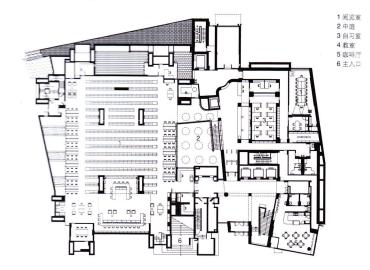
year relationship with the university's School of Architecture. Paul Rudolph was its chairman during Mr. Gwathmey's studies and also became his mentor.

## 项目概况

项目名称:	英国耶鲁大学艺术综合中心改扩建
业 主:	耶鲁大学
建设地点:	英国爱丁堡
建筑面积:	鲁道夫楼10 591m <sup>2</sup>
	艺术史楼8 082m <sup>2</sup>
建筑层数:	9层/7层
设计机构:	格瓦德梅西格尔建筑师事务所
建筑设计:	Elizabeth Skowronek
结构设计:	Steven Forman
建成时间:	2008年11月
摄影师:	Peter Aaron

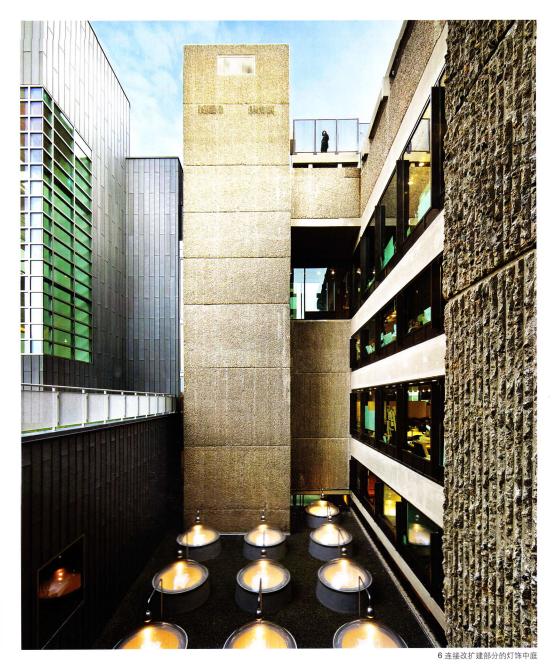




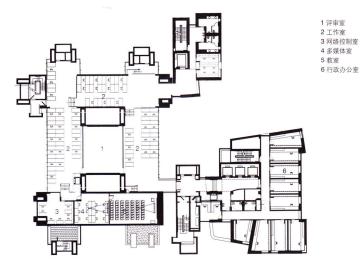




3修缮复原后的展览空间



1 展厅 2 展厅办公室 3 中庭 4 教室 5 演讲厅 6 会议室 Т diff. 0 0 5 888 Ŀ. 11 1 Ī Л Π States and a state of the state 4 "⊡…[]

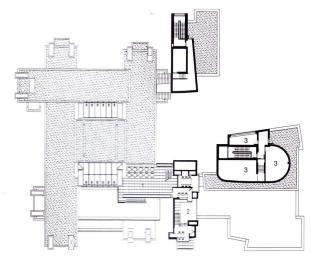




9 扩建部分充满艺术感的墙面装饰

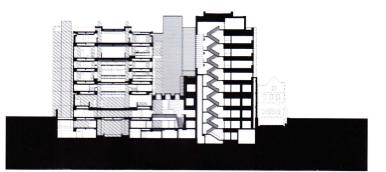


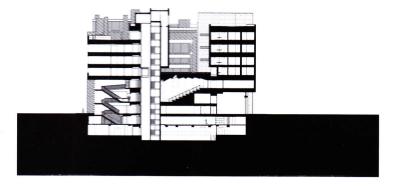


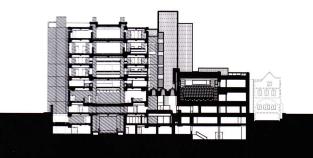


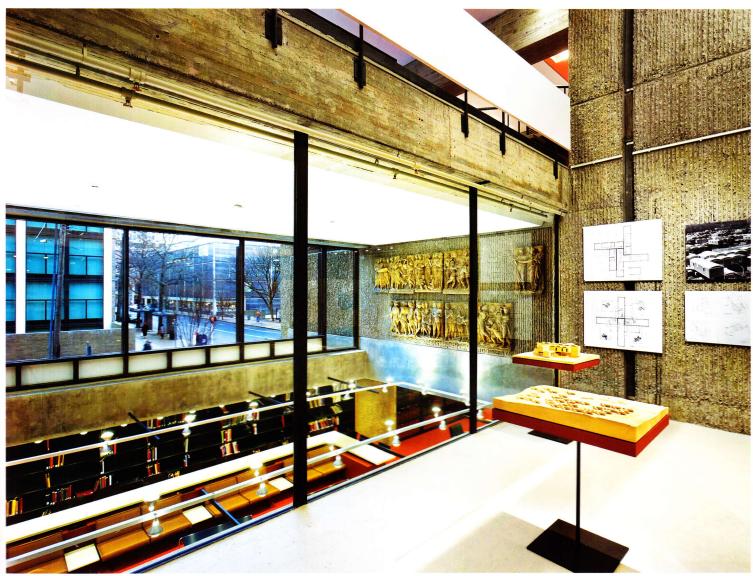
11 八层平面图

1 露台 2 阁楼 3 机房









13 从展示厅透过中庭可看到室外空间









4 油油厅